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Date _____
Algebra I

Algebra I Practice for Geometry

Reducing Radicals

- 1) Separate into two radicals (perfect squares and non perfect squares). Find the largest perfect square that divides in
- 2) Take the square root of the perfect square. Bring the non-perfect square down

PS
1
4
9
16
25
36
49
64
81
100

1. $\sqrt{45}$
~~PS~~ ~~NPS~~
 $\sqrt{9} \sqrt{5}$
 $3\sqrt{5}$

2. $\sqrt{50}$
~~PS~~ ~~NPS~~
 $\sqrt{25} \sqrt{2}$
 $5\sqrt{2}$

3. $\sqrt{162}$
~~PS~~ ~~NPS~~
 $\sqrt{81} \sqrt{2}$
 $9\sqrt{2}$

4. $\sqrt{32}$
~~PS~~ ~~NPS~~
 $\sqrt{16} \sqrt{2}$
 $4\sqrt{2}$

5. $\sqrt{48}$
~~PS~~ ~~NPS~~
 $\sqrt{16} \sqrt{3}$
 $4\sqrt{3}$

6. $\sqrt{75}$
~~PS~~ ~~NPS~~
 $\sqrt{25} \sqrt{3}$
 $5\sqrt{3}$

7. $\sqrt{48}$
~~PS~~ ~~NPS~~
 $\sqrt{16} \sqrt{3}$
 $4\sqrt{3}$

8. $\sqrt{200}$
~~PS~~ ~~NPS~~
 $\sqrt{100} \sqrt{2}$
 $10\sqrt{2}$

9. $\sqrt{98}$
~~PS~~ ~~NPS~~
 $\sqrt{49} \sqrt{2}$
 $7\sqrt{2}$

10. $\sqrt{125}$
~~PS~~ ~~NPS~~
 $\sqrt{25} \sqrt{5}$
 $5\sqrt{5}$

11. $\sqrt{147}$
~~PS~~ ~~NPS~~
 $\sqrt{49} \sqrt{3}$
 $7\sqrt{3}$

12. $\sqrt{192}$
~~PS~~ ~~NPS~~
 $\sqrt{64} \sqrt{3}$
 $8\sqrt{3}$

Solving Quadratic Equations

- 1) Bring everything to one side
- 2) Factor
- 3) Set each factor equal to zero

$$1. y^2 - 5y + 6 = 0 \quad \begin{matrix} 1,6 \\ 2,3 \end{matrix}$$

$$(y-6)(y+1) = 0$$

$y-6=0$	$y+1=0$
$\begin{matrix} +6 \\ +6 \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{matrix}$
$y=6$	$y=-1$

$$2. x^2 + 4x = 45 \quad \begin{matrix} 1,45 \\ 3,15 \end{matrix}$$

$$-45 \quad -45 \quad \begin{matrix} 1,45 \\ 3,15 \end{matrix}$$

$$x^2 + 4x - 45 = 0$$

$$(x+9)(x-5) = 0$$

$x+9=0$	$x-5=0$
$\begin{matrix} -9 \\ -9 \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} +5 \\ +5 \end{matrix}$
$x=-9$	$x=5$

$$3. a^2 - 8a = 20$$

$$-20 \quad -20 \quad \begin{matrix} 1,20 \\ 2,10 \end{matrix}$$

$$a^2 - 8a - 20 = 0$$

$$(a-10)(a+2) = 0$$

$a-10=0$	$a+2=0$
$\begin{matrix} +10 \\ +10 \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} -2 \\ -2 \end{matrix}$
$a=10$	$a=-2$

$$4. n^2 = 3n + 18 \quad \begin{matrix} 1,18 \\ 2,9 \end{matrix}$$

$$-3n - 18 \quad -3n - 18 \quad \begin{matrix} 2,9 \\ 3,6 \end{matrix}$$

$$n^2 - 3n - 18 = 0$$

$$(n-6)(n+3) = 0$$

$n-6=0$	$n+3=0$
$\begin{matrix} +6 \\ +6 \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} -3 \\ -3 \end{matrix}$
$n=6$	$n=-3$

In Terms of x

- 1) Call the last thing x
- 2) Express everything else in terms of x

$$5. x^2 - 7x = 3x - 16$$

$$-3x + 16 \quad -3x + 16$$

$$x^2 - 10x + 16 = 0$$

$$(x-8)(x-2) = 0$$

$x-8=0$	$x-2=0$
$\begin{matrix} +8 \\ +8 \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} +2 \\ +2 \end{matrix}$
$x=8$	$x=2$

$$6. x(x-2) = 3(x+8)$$

$$x^2 - 2x = 3x + 24$$

$$-3x - 24 \quad -3x - 24$$

$$x^2 - 5x - 24 = 0$$

$$(x-8)(x+3) = 0$$

$x-8=0$	$x+3=0$
$\begin{matrix} +8 \\ +8 \end{matrix}$	$\begin{matrix} -3 \\ -3 \end{matrix}$
$x=8$	$x=-3$

1. Jamie is 5 years older than her sister Amy. If the sum of their ages is 19, how old is Jamie?

$J: x+5$ $A: x$	$x+x+5=19$ $2x+5=19$ $\begin{matrix} -5 \\ -5 \end{matrix}$	$\frac{2x+5=19}{2} = \frac{14}{2}$ $x=7$	$J=7+5=12$
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2. Jack's age is 6 less than double Jill's age. If the sum of their ages is 30, how old is Jill?

$Jack: 2x-6$ $Jill: x$	$2x-6+x=30$ $3x-6=30$ $\begin{matrix} +6 \\ +6 \end{matrix}$	$\frac{3x-6=30}{3} = \frac{36}{3}$ $x=12$	$Jill=12$
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3. Ben has four more than twice as many CDs as Jake. If they have a total of 31 CDs, how many CDs does Jake have?

$B: 2x+4$ $J: x$	$2x+4+x=31$ $3x+4=31$ $\begin{matrix} -4 \\ -4 \end{matrix}$	$\frac{3x+4=31}{3} = \frac{27}{3}$ $x=9$	$J=9$
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4. Three times as many robins as cardinals visited a bird feeder. If a total of 20 robins and cardinals visited the feeder, how many were robins?

$R: 3x$ $C: x$	$3x+x=20$ $4x=20$ $\frac{4x=20}{4} = \frac{20}{4}$ $x=5$	$R=3(5)=15$
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