

Name Schlansky
Mr. Schlansky

Date _____
Pre Calculus

Composition of Functions

$$h(x) = x^2 \text{ and } p(x) = 2x - 3$$

Evaluate:

$$1. (h \circ p)(2) = 1$$

$$p(2) = 2(2) - 3$$

$$p(2) = 1$$

$$h(2) = (1)^2$$

$$h(2) = 1$$

$$2. (p \circ h)(-3)$$

$$h(-3) = (-3)^2$$

$$h(-3) = 9$$

$$p(9) = 2(9) - 3$$

$$p(9) = 15$$

$$3. h(p(-1))$$

$$p(-1) = 2(-1) - 3$$

$$p(-1) = -5$$

$$h(-5) = (-5)^2$$

$$h(-5) = 25$$

$$4. p(h(2))$$

$$h(2) = (2)^2$$

$$h(2) = 4$$

$$p(4) = 2(4) - 3$$

$$p(4) = 5$$

$$5. h(p(3))$$

$$p(3) = 2(3) - 3$$

$$p(3) = 3$$

$$h(3) = (3)^2$$

$$h(3) = 9$$

$$6. (p \circ h)(1)$$

$$h(1) = (1)^2$$

$$h(1) = 1$$

$$p(1) = 2(1) - 3$$

$$p(1) = -1$$

$$7. (h \circ p)(x)$$

$$p(x) = 2x - 3$$

$$h(2x - 3) = (2x - 3)^2$$

$$(2x - 3)(2x - 3)$$

$$4x^2 - 6x - 6x + 9$$

$$4x^2 - 12x + 9$$

$$8. p(h(x))$$

$$h(x) = x^2$$

$$p(x^2) = 2(x^2) - 3$$

$$2x^2 - 3$$

$$9. \text{ If } f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x - 3 \text{ and } g(x) = 2x + 5, \text{ what is the value of } (g \circ f)(4)?$$

$$f(4) = \frac{1}{2}(4) - 3$$

$$f(4) = -1$$

$$g(-1) = 2(-1) + 5$$

$$g(-1) = 3$$

$$10. \text{ If } f(x) = x^2 \text{ and } g(x) = 2x + 1, \text{ which expression is equivalent to } (f \circ g)(x)?$$

$$g(x) = 2x + 1$$

$$f(2x + 1) = (2x + 1)^2$$

$$(2x + 1)(2x + 1)$$

$$4x^2 + 2x + 2x + 1$$

$$4x^2 + 4x + 1$$

11. If $f(x) = 5x^2$ and $g(x) = \sqrt{2x}$, what is the value of $(f \circ g)(8)$

$$\begin{array}{ll} g(8) = \sqrt{2(8)} & f(4) = 5(4)^2 \\ g(8) = 4 & f(4) = 80 \end{array}$$

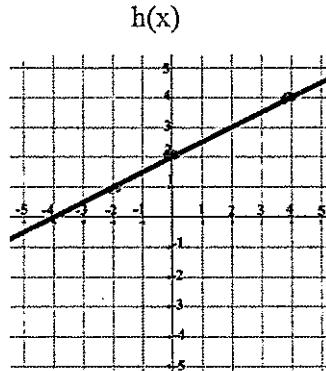
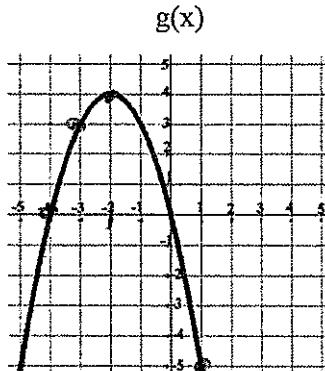
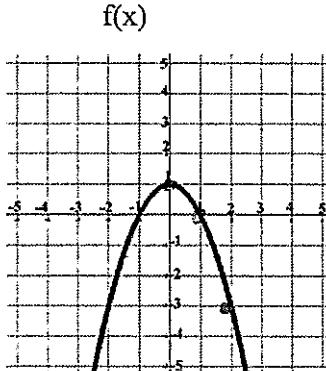
12. If $f(x) = x^2 + 4$ and $g(x) = 2x + 3$, find $f(g(-2))$.

$$\begin{array}{ll} g(-2) = 2(-2) + 3 & f(-1) = (-1)^2 + 4 \\ g(-2) = -1 & f(-1) = 5 \end{array}$$

13. If $f(x) = 3x - 5$ and $g(x) = x - 9$, which expression is equivalent to $(f \circ g)(x)$?

$$\begin{array}{l} g(x) = x - 9 \\ f(x-9) = 3(x-9) - 5 \\ 3x - 27 - 5 \\ 3x - 32 \end{array}$$

Use the followings graphs to answer the questions that follow:



14. $h(g(-2))$

$$\begin{array}{l} g(-2) = 0 \\ h(0) = 2 \end{array}$$

15. $h(g(-4))$

$$\begin{array}{l} g(-4) = 0 \\ h(0) = 2 \end{array}$$

16. $(f \circ f)(1)$

$$\begin{array}{l} f(1) = 0 \\ f(0) = 1 \end{array}$$

17. $(f \circ h)(0)$

$$\begin{array}{l} h(0) = 2 \\ f(2) = -3 \end{array}$$

18. $(g \circ f)(2)$

$$\begin{array}{l} f(2) = -3 \\ g(-3) = 3 \end{array}$$

19. $g(h(-2))$

$$\begin{array}{l} h(-2) = 1 \\ g(1) = -5 \end{array}$$