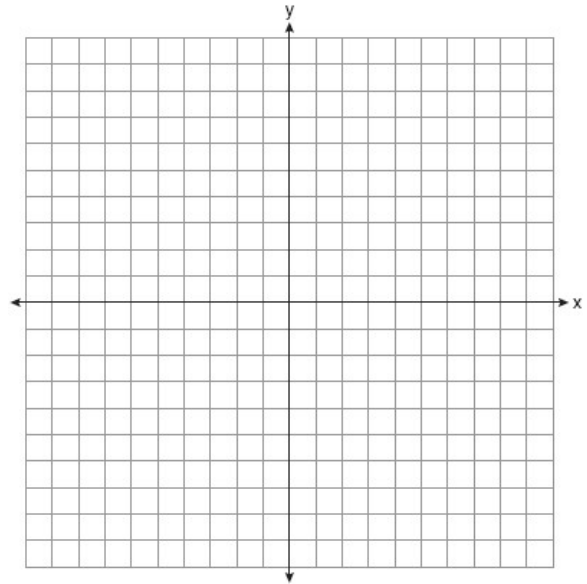


Name: _____
Mr. Schlansky

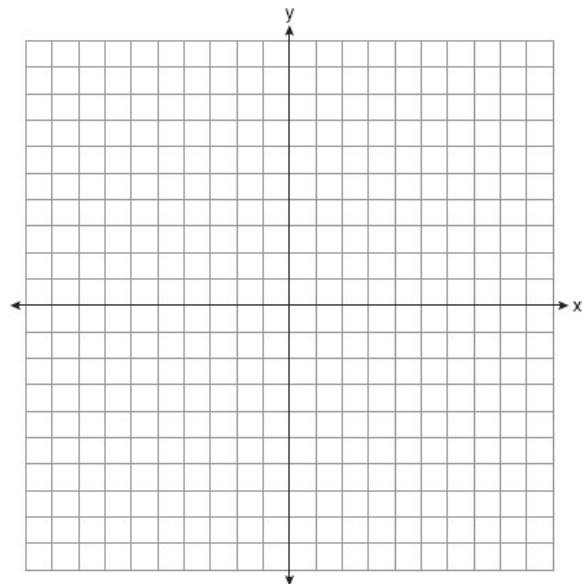
Date _____
Geometry

Composition of Transformations

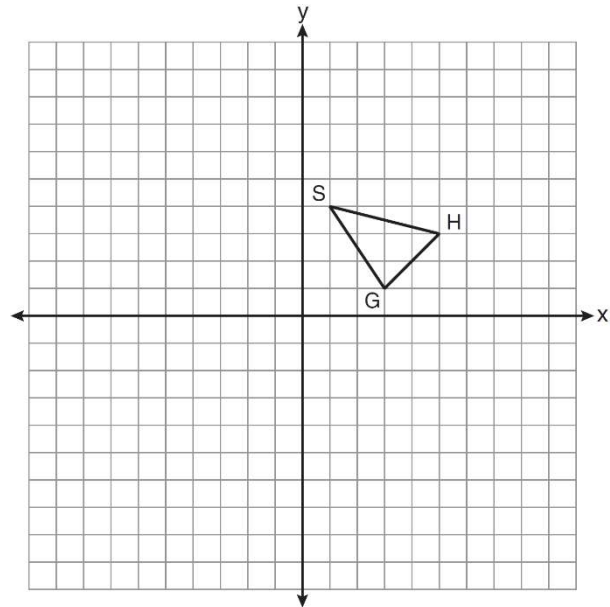
1. The coordinates of trapezoid $ABCD$ are $A(-4, 5)$, $B(1, 5)$, $C(1, 2)$, and $D(-6, 2)$. Trapezoid $A''B''C''D''$ is the image after a rotation of 90° followed by a reflection in the x axis. State the coordinates of trapezoid $A''B''C''D''$.



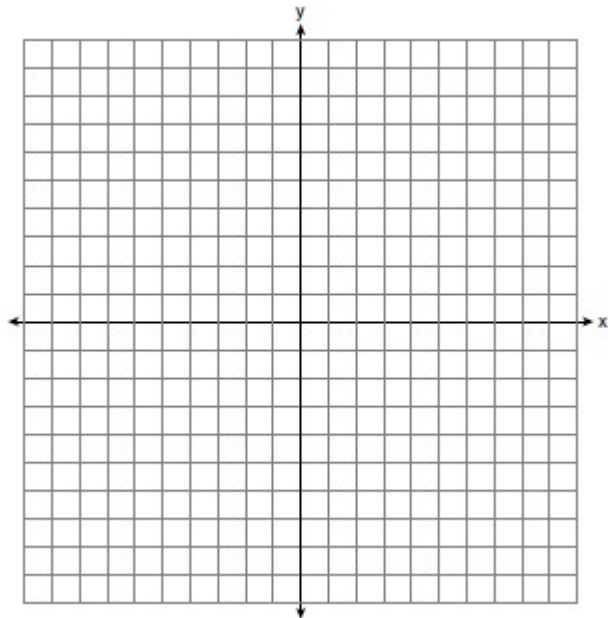
2. Triangle MKY has vertices $M(6, -4)$, $K(-4, -2)$, and $Y(-2, 6)$. Graph the image of $\triangle MKY$ after a translation 3 units right and 2 units down followed by a rotation of 180° and label it $\triangle M'K'Y'$.



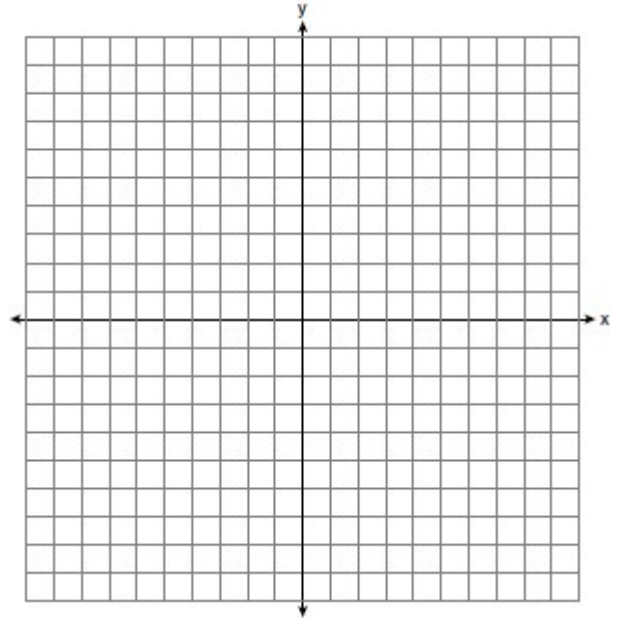
3. As shown on the set of axes below, $\triangle GHS$ has vertices $G(3, 1)$, $H(5, 3)$, and $S(1, 4)$. Graph and state the coordinates of $\triangle G''H''S''$, the image of $\triangle GHS$ after a reflection over the line $x = -1$ followed by a reflection over the x axis.



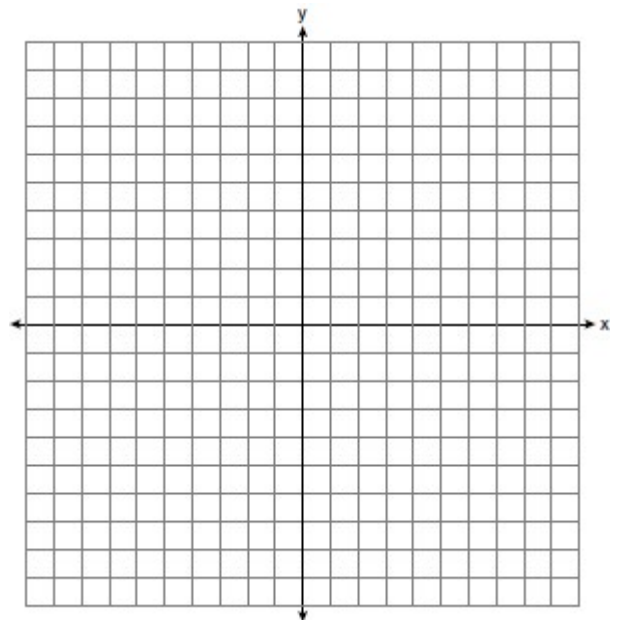
4. The coordinates of the vertices of quadrilateral ABCD are $A(2,0)$, $B(6,-4)$, $C(10,0)$, and $D(6,4)$. Graph and state the coordinates of quadrilateral $A'B'C'D'$, the image of quadrilateral ABCD after reflection in the x axis followed by a rotation of 90° .



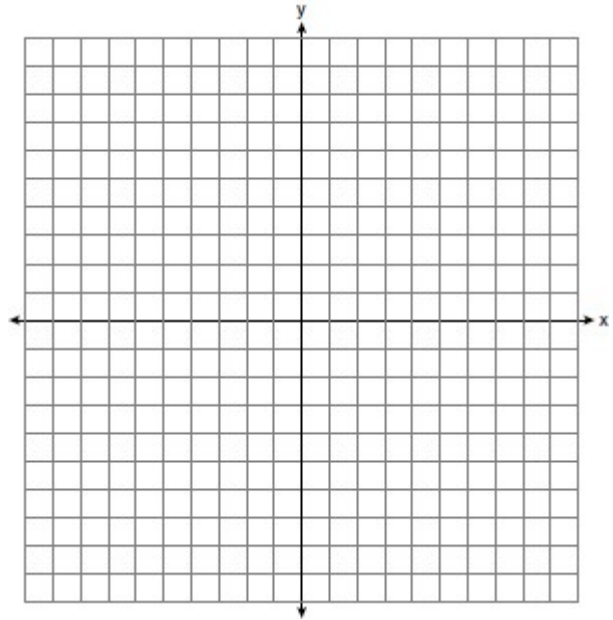
5. The coordinates of the vertices of quadrilateral METZ are $M(-4,1)$, $E(0,5)$, $T(2,3)$, and $Z(4,-4)$. Graph and state the coordinates of quadrilateral $M'E'T'Z'$, the image of quadrilateral METZ after a rotation of 270° followed by a reflection over the line $y = 1$.



6. The coordinates of the vertices of parallelogram $ABCD$ are $A(-2, 2)$, $B(3, 5)$, $C(4, 2)$, and $D(-1, -1)$. State the coordinates of the vertices of parallelogram $A''B''C''D''$ that result from a reflection over the line $y = x$ followed by a reflection in the y axis.



7. The coordinates of the vertices of $\triangle ABC$ are $A(1, 3)$, $B(-2, 2)$ and $C(0, -2)$. On the grid below, graph and label $\triangle A''B''C''$, the result of a translation 4 units to the right and one unit down followed by a rotation of 180° . State the coordinates of A'' , B'' , and C'' .



8. In the diagram below, $\triangle ABC$ has coordinates $A(1,1)$, $B(4,1)$, and $C(4,5)$. Graph and label $\triangle A''B''C''$, the image of $\triangle ABC$ after the translation five units to the right and two units up followed by the reflection over the line $y = 0$.

