

Name _____
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Date _____
Algebra II



Exponential and Logarithmic Graphs Multiple Choice

1. Which statement about the graph of $c(x) = \log_6 x$ is *false*?
 - 1) The asymptote has equation $y = 0$.
 - 2) The graph has no y -intercept.
 - 3) The domain is the set of positive reals.
 - 4) The range is the set of all real numbers.

2. Which statement about the graph of the equation $y = e^x$ is *not* true?
 - 1) It is asymptotic to the x -axis.
 - 2) The domain is the set of all real numbers.
 - 3) It lies in Quadrants I and II.
 - 4) It passes through the point $(e, 1)$.

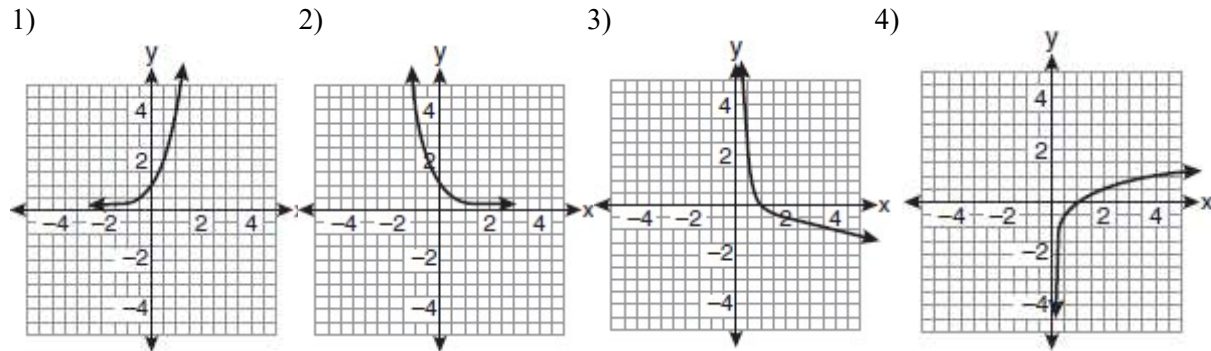
3. Which statement is true about the graph of $f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{8}\right)^x$?
 - 1) The graph is always increasing.
 - 2) The graph is always decreasing.
 - 3) The graph passes through $(1, 0)$.
 - 4) The graph has an asymptote, $x = 0$.

4. Which statement is *true* regarding the equation $f(x) = \log_7 x$?
 - 1) It is always increasing
 - 2) The graph passes through $(0, 1)$
 - 3) The domain is all real numbers
 - 4) The equation of the asymptote is $y = 0$

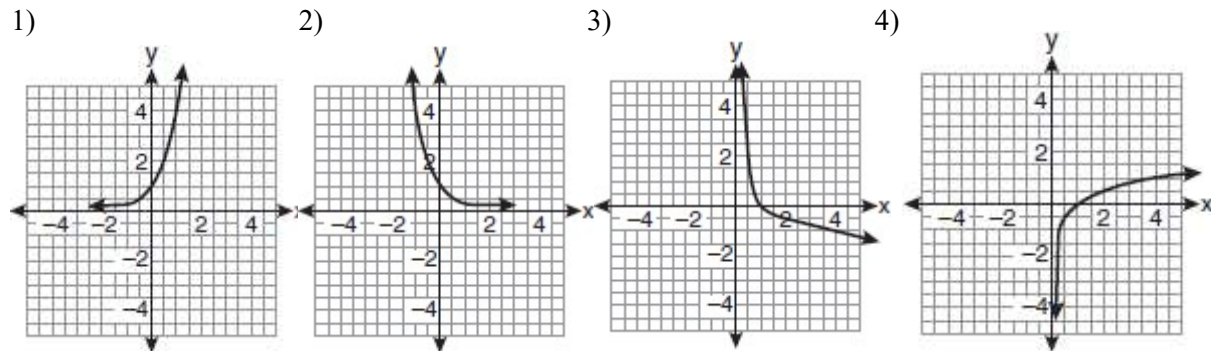
5. Given the equation $f(x) = \pi^x$, which of the following statements is true?
 - 1) The graph passes through $(\pi, 1)$
 - 2) The domain is $[0, \infty)$
 - 3) The graph passes through $(0, 1)$
 - 4) The range is all real numbers

6. Which statement is *false* regarding the equation $f(x) = \ln x$?
 - 1) It passes through $(1, 0)$
 - 2) It is always decreasing
 - 3) The equation of the asymptote is $x = 0$
 - 4) Its range is $(-\infty, \infty)$

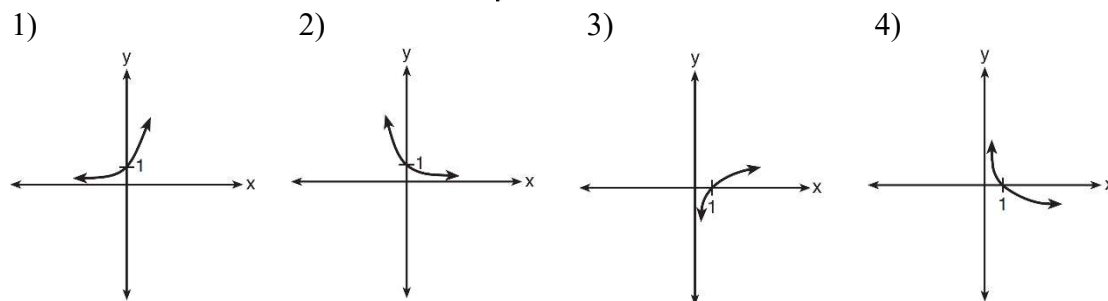
7. If a function is defined by the equation $f(x) = 4^x$, which graph represents the inverse of this function?



8. If a function is defined by the equation $f(x) = \log_4 x$, which graph represents the inverse of this function?



9. Which sketch shows the inverse of $y = a^x$, where $a > 1$?



10. What is the inverse of the function $y = \log_3 x$?

- 1) $y = x^3$ 2) $y = \log_x 3$ 3) $y = 3^x$ 4) $x = 3^y$

11. If $f(x) = a^x$ where $a > 1$, then the inverse of the function is

- 1) $f^{-1}(x) = \log_x a$ 3) $f^{-1}(x) = \log_a x$
 2) $f^{-1}(x) = a \log x$ 4) $f^{-1}(x) = x \log a$

