Name	
Mr. Schlansky	

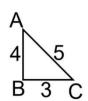
Date _____ Geometry

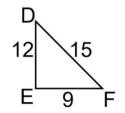


Finding Scale Factor and Center of Dilation

1. In the diagram below, ΔDEF is the image of ΔABC after a dilation.

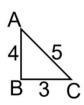
What is the scale factor of the dilation?

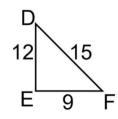




2. In the diagram below, $\triangle ABC$ is the image of $\triangle DEF$ after a dilation.

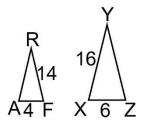
What is the scale factor of the dilation?





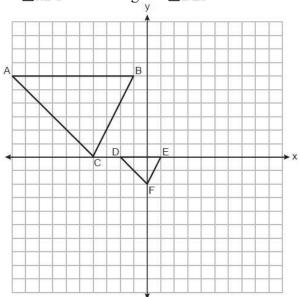
3. In the diagram below, $\Delta\!X\!Y\!Z$ is the image of $\Delta\!A\!R\!F$ after a dilation.

What is the scale factor of the dilation?

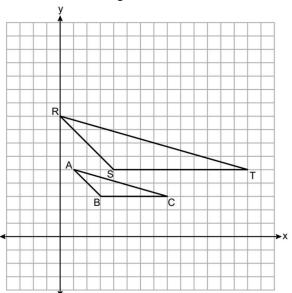


Find the center of dilation AND the scale factor if

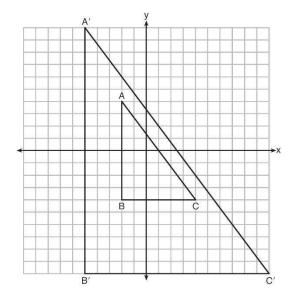
4. $\triangle ABC$ is the image of $\triangle DEF$



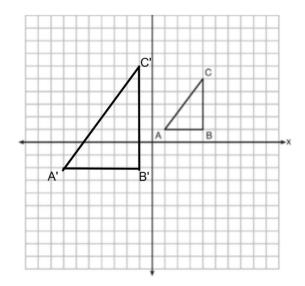
5. $\triangle RST$ is the image of $\triangle ABC$



6. $\triangle A'B'C'$ is the image of $\triangle ABC$



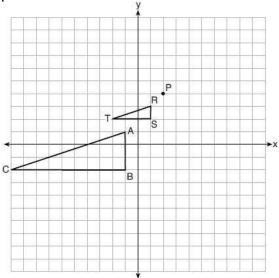
7. $\triangle A'B'C'$ is the image of $\triangle ABC$



8. After a dilation with center (0, 0), the image of \overline{DB} is $\overline{D'B'}$. If DB = 4.5 and D'B' = 18, what is the scale factor of this dilation?

9. \overline{DR} is dilated centered at point D such that $\overline{DR} = 8$ and $\overline{D'R'} = 12$. What is the scale factor of the dilation?

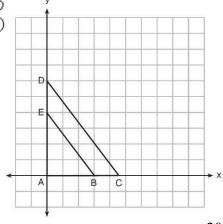
10. On the set of axes below, $\triangle RST$ is the image of $\triangle ABC$ after a dilation centered at point P. What is the scale factor of the dilation that maps $\triangle ABC$ onto $\triangle RST$?



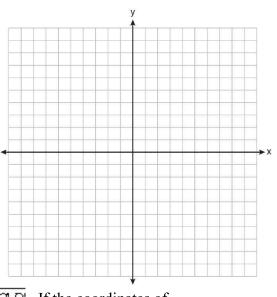
11. In the diagram below, $\triangle ABE$ is the image of $\triangle ACD$ origin. The coordinates of the vertices are A(0,0), B(3,0)The scale factor of dilation is



- 2) $\frac{3}{2}$ 3) $\frac{3}{4}$ 4) $\frac{4}{3}$



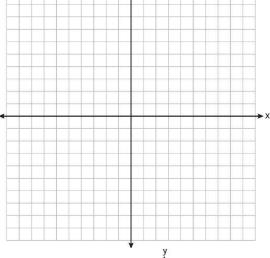
12. $\triangle ABC$ has coordinates A(-2,8), B(6,8), and C(8,5). The coordinates of ΔXYZ , the image of ΔABC after a sequence of transformations is X(1,2), Y(7,2), and Z(8,0). What is the scale factor?



13. After a dilation centered at the origin, the image of \overline{CD} is $\overline{C'D'}$. If the coordinates of the endpoints of these segments are C(2,-8), D(-7,-8), C'(3,4), and D'(-3,4). The scale factor of the dilation is

- 1) $\frac{3}{2}$ 2) $\frac{2}{3}$

- 3) 3



14. On the set of axes below, $\triangle AB'C'$ is the image of $\triangle ABC$.

What is the scale factor and center of dilation that maps $\triangle ABC$ onto $\triangle AB'C'$?

- 1) $\frac{1}{2}$ and the origin
- $\frac{1}{2}$ and vertex A
- 2) 2 and the origin
- 2 and vertex A 4)

