

## Finding the Sum of a Series (Sequence Notation)

1. Write an explicit equation to find the sum of the first n terms of the sequence 3, 6, 12, 24, ...  
Use your formula to find the sum of the first ten terms.

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 - a_1(r)^n}{1-r}$$

$$S_n = \frac{3 - 3(2)^n}{1-2}$$

$$S_n = \frac{3 - 3(2)^n}{-1}$$

$$S_{10} = \frac{3 - 3(2)^{10}}{-1} = 3069$$

$a_1 = 3$   
 $r = \frac{a_2}{a_1}$   
 $r = \frac{6}{3}$   
 $r = 2$

2. Write an explicit equation to find the sum of the first n terms of the series 3 + 15 + 75 + 375 + ...  
Use your formula to find the sum of the first eight terms.

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 - a_1(r)^n}{1-r}$$

$$S_n = \frac{3 - 3(5)^n}{1-5}$$

$$S_8 = \frac{3 - 3(5)^8}{-4}$$

$$S_8 = 292968$$

$a_1 = 3$   
 $r = \frac{a_2}{a_1}$   
 $r = \frac{15}{3}$   
 $r = 5$

3. Write an explicit equation to find the sum of the first n terms of the sequence 4, -12, 36, -108, ...  
Use your formula to find the sum of the first twelve terms.

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 - a_1(r)^n}{1-r}$$

$$S_n = \frac{4 - 4(-3)^n}{1-(-3)}$$

$$S_{12} = \frac{4 - 4(-3)^{12}}{4}$$

$$S_{12} = -531440$$

$a_1 = 4$   
 $r = -\frac{12}{4}$   
 $r = -3$

4. Write an explicit equation to find the sum of the first n terms of the series  $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} + 1 + 2 + \dots$   
Use your formula to find the sum of the first nine terms.

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 - a_1(r)^n}{1-r}$$

$$S_n = \frac{\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4}(2)^n}{1-2}$$

$$S_9 = \frac{\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4}(2)^9}{-1}$$

$$S_9 = \frac{511}{4}$$

$a_1 = \frac{1}{4}$   
 $r = 2$

5. Write an explicit equation to find the sum of the first n terms of the sequence 1, -3, 9, -27, ...  
Use your formula to find the sum of the first sixteen terms.

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 - a_1(r)^n}{1-r}$$

$$S_n = \frac{1 - 1(-3)^n}{1-(-3)}$$

$$S_{16} = \frac{1 - 1(-3)^{16}}{4}$$

$$S_{16} = -10761680$$

$a_1 = 1$   
 $r = -3$

6. Write an explicit equation to find the sum of the first n terms of the series - 4 - 8 - 16 - 32 - ...  
Use your formula to find the sum of the first twenty terms.

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 - a_1(r)^n}{1-r}$$

$$S_n = \frac{-4 - (-4)(2)^n}{1-2}$$

$$S_{20} = \frac{-4 - (-4)(2)^{20}}{-1}$$

$$S_{20} = 1.048576 \times 10^{12}$$

$$S_{20} = -4194300$$

$a_1 = -4$   
 $r = 2$

7. Write an explicit equation to find the sum of the first n terms of the sequence 128, 64, 32, 16...

Use your formula to find the sum of the first eighteen terms.

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 - a_1(r)^n}{1-r}$$

$$S_n = \frac{128 - 128(\frac{1}{2})^n}{1 - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$S_{18} = \frac{128 - 128(\frac{1}{2})^{18}}{\frac{1}{2}} = 255.9990234$$

$a_1 = 128$   
 $r = \frac{64}{128}$   
 $r = \frac{1}{2}$

8. Write an explicit equation to find the sum of the first n terms of the series 7 - 42 + 252 - 1512 + ...

Use your formula to find the sum of the first fifteen terms.

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 - a_1(r)^n}{1-r}$$

$$S_n = \frac{7 - 7(-6)^n}{1 - (-6)}$$

$$S_{15} = \frac{7 - 7(-6)^{15}}{7}$$

$$S_{15} = 4.7 \times 10^{11}$$

$a_1 = 7$   
 $r = -\frac{42}{7}$   
 $r = -6$

9. Write an explicit equation to find the sum of the first n terms of the sequence  $\frac{1}{16}, -\frac{1}{4}, 1, -4, \dots$

Use your formula to find the sum of the first ten terms.

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 - a_1(r)^n}{1-r}$$

$$S_n = \frac{\frac{1}{16} - \frac{1}{16}(-4)^n}{1-4}$$

$$S_{10} = \frac{\frac{1}{16} - \frac{1}{16}(-4)^{10}}{-3}$$

$$S_{10} = -13107.1875$$

$a_1 = \frac{1}{16}$   
 $r = -4$

10. Write an explicit equation to find the sum of the first n terms of the sequence 3 - 12 + 48 - 192 + ...

Use your formula to find the sum of the first thirteen terms.

$$S_n = \frac{a_1 - a_1(r)^n}{1-r}$$

$$S_n = \frac{3 - 3(-4)^n}{1-(-4)}$$

$$S_{13} = \frac{3 - 3(-4)^{13}}{5} = 40265319$$

$a_1 = 3$   
 $r = -4$